

# FH3210B1

## N-Channel Enhancement Mode MOSFET

### Description

The FH3210B1 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  with low gate charge. It can be used in a wide variety of applications.

### Applications

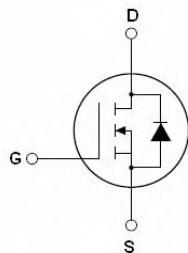
- Motor Driving in Power Tool, E-vehicle, Robotics
- Current Switching in DC/DC & AC/DC (SR) Sub-systems
- Power Management in Telecom., Industrial Automation, CE

### Product Summary

Parameter	Typ.	Unit
$V_{DS}$	100	V
$V_{GS(th)}$	3.0	V
$I_D (@ V_{GS} = 10V)$	120	A
$R_{DS(ON)} (@ V_{GS} = 10V)$	4.3	$\text{m}\Omega$ ( Typ )

- Ultra-low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- 100% UIS Tested, 100%  $R_g$  Tested
- Pb-free Lead Plating
- Halogen-free and RoHS-compliant

TO-263



Schematic diagram



Marking and pin Assignment



TO-263 Top View

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	100	V
Gate-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>(1)</sup>	$I_D$	120	A
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		81	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>(2)</sup>	$I_{DM}$	480	A
Avalanche Energy <sup>(3)</sup>	$E_{AS}$	486	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>(4)</sup>	$P_D$	178	W
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		71	
Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics (@  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	100			V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{DS} = 80\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $T_J = 55^\circ\text{C}$			1.0 5.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Body Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2.0	3.0	4.0	V
Static Drain-Source ON-Resistance	$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}$		4.3	5.6	$\text{m}\Omega$
Forward Transconductance	$g_{FS}$	$V_{DS} = 5\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}$		35		S
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$I_S = 1\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$		0.66	1.0	V
Diode Continuous Current	$I_S$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			120	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS<sup>(5)</sup></b>						
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 50\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		4102		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			592		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			19		pF
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		1.6		$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS<sup>(5)</sup></b>						
Total Gate Charge (@ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ )	$Q_g$	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ to } 10\text{V}$ $V_{DS} = 50\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}$		69		nC
Total Gate Charge (@ $V_{GS} = 6.0\text{V}$ )	$Q_g$			44		nC
Gate Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$			24		nC
Gate Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			18.5		nC
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{D(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$ $R_L = 2.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}} = 3\Omega$		18.0		ns
Turn-On Rise Time	$t_r$			23		ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{D(off)}$			37		ns
Turn-Off Fall Time	$t_f$			15.7		ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 20\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		64		ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	$I_F = 20\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		126		nC

## Thermal Performance

Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	46	56	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.70	0.80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

## Notes:

1. Computed continuous current assumes the condition of  $T_{J,\text{Max}}$  while the actual continuous current depends on the thermal & electro-mechanical application board design.
2. This single-pulse measurement was taken under  $T_{J,\text{Max}} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ .
3.  $E_{AS}$  of 486 mJ is based on starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 3.0\text{mH}$ ,  $I_{AS} = 18\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$ ; 100% test at  $L = 0.1\text{mH}$ ,  $I_{AS} = 67\text{A}$ .
4. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J,\text{Max}} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ .
5. This value is guaranteed by design hence it is not included in the production test.

## Typical Electrical &amp; Thermal Characteristics

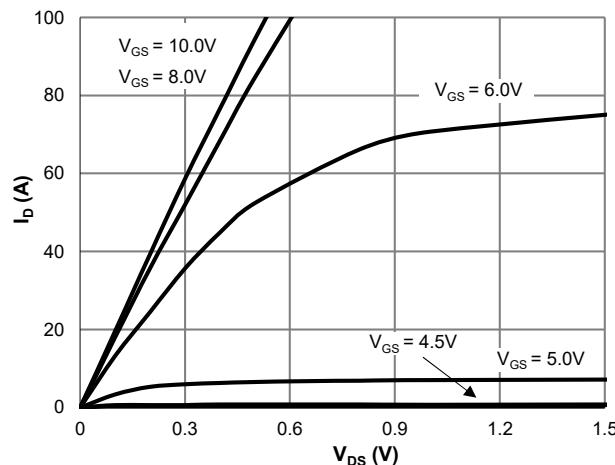


Figure 1: Saturation Characteristics

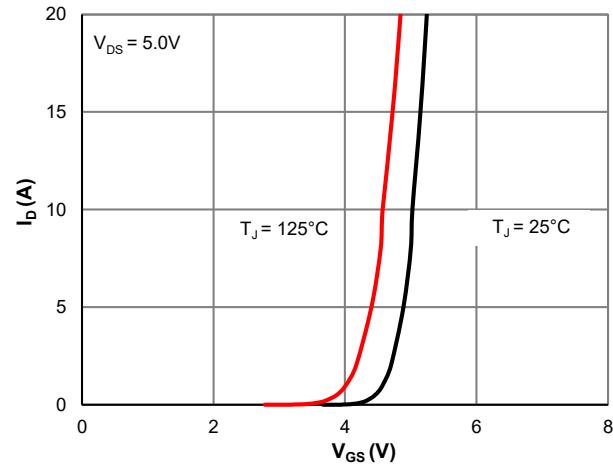
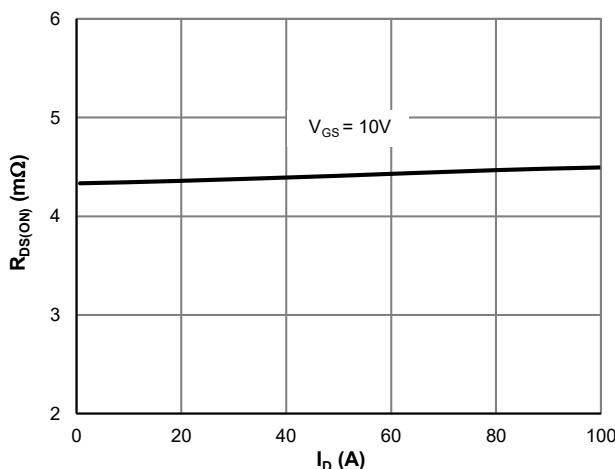
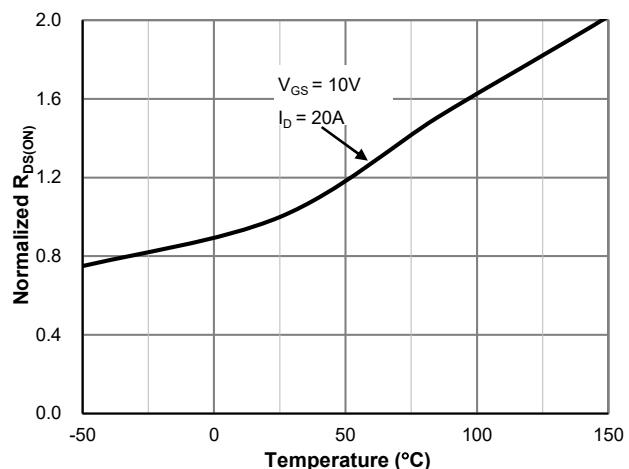
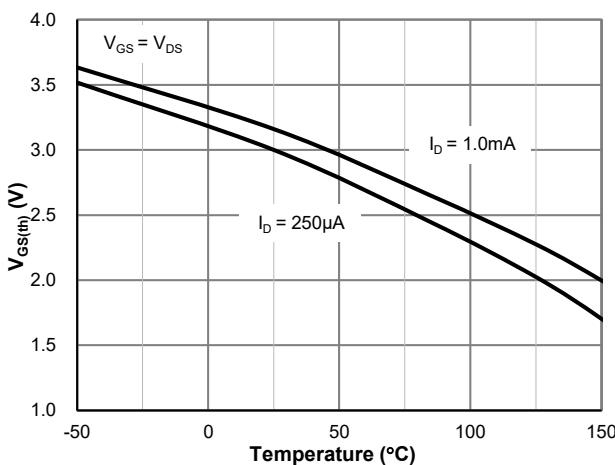
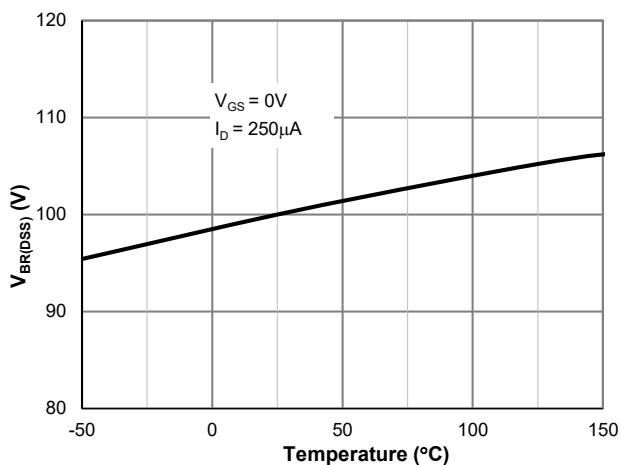


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

Figure 3:  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs. Drain CurrentFigure 4:  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs. Junction TemperatureFigure 5:  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs. Junction TemperatureFigure 6:  $V_{BR(DSS)}$  vs. Junction Temperature

## Typical Electrical &amp; Thermal Characteristics

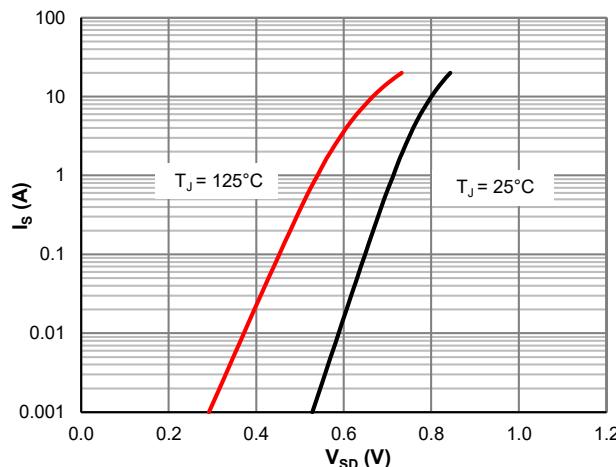


Figure 7: Body-Diode Characteristics

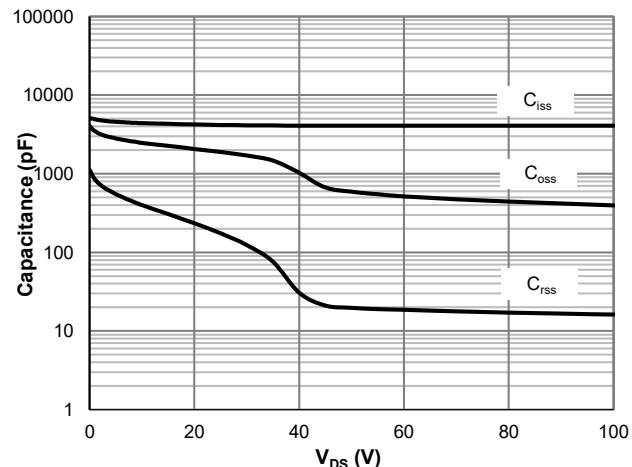


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

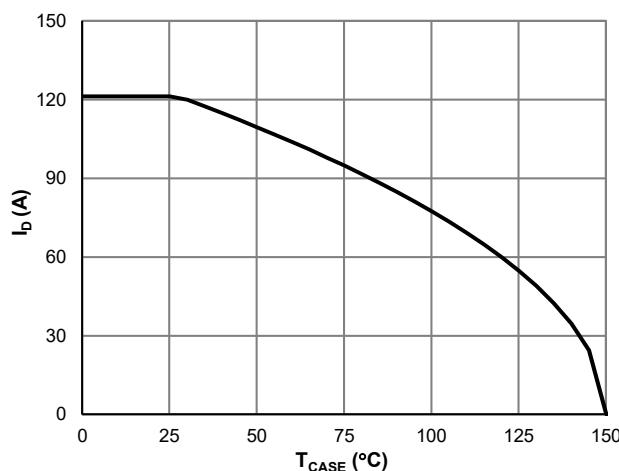


Figure 9: Current De-rating

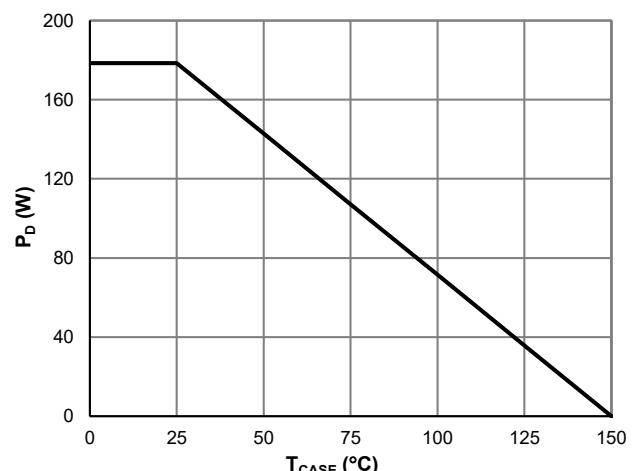


Figure 10: Power De-rating

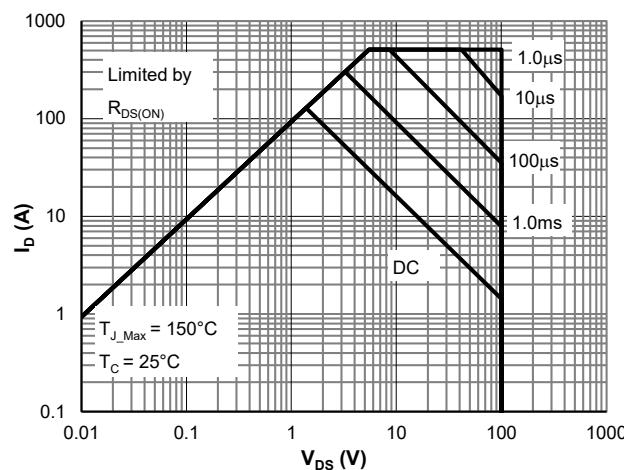


Figure 11: Maximum Safe Operating Area

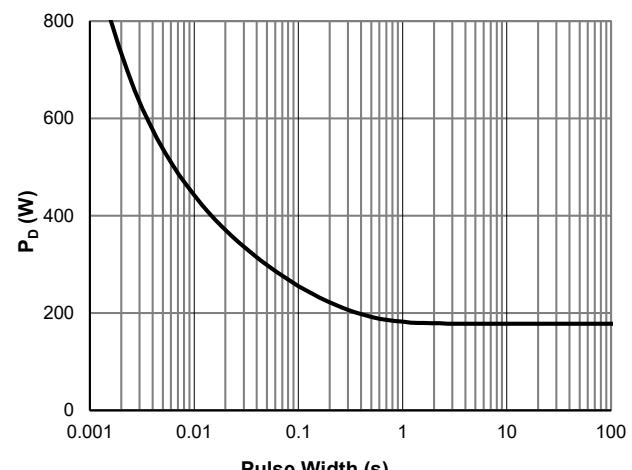
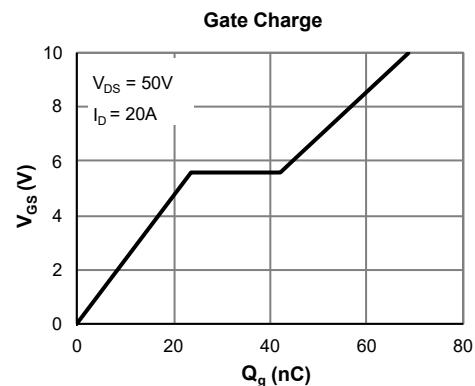
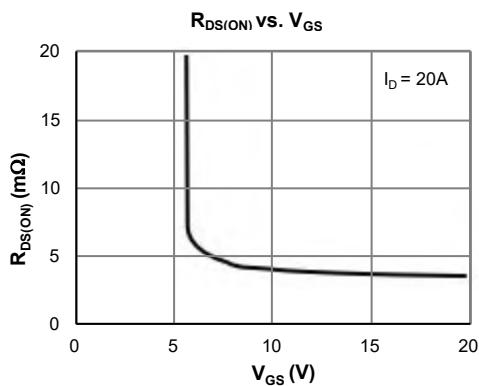


Figure 12: Single Pulse Power Rating, Junction-to-Case



### Typical Electrical & Thermal Characteristics

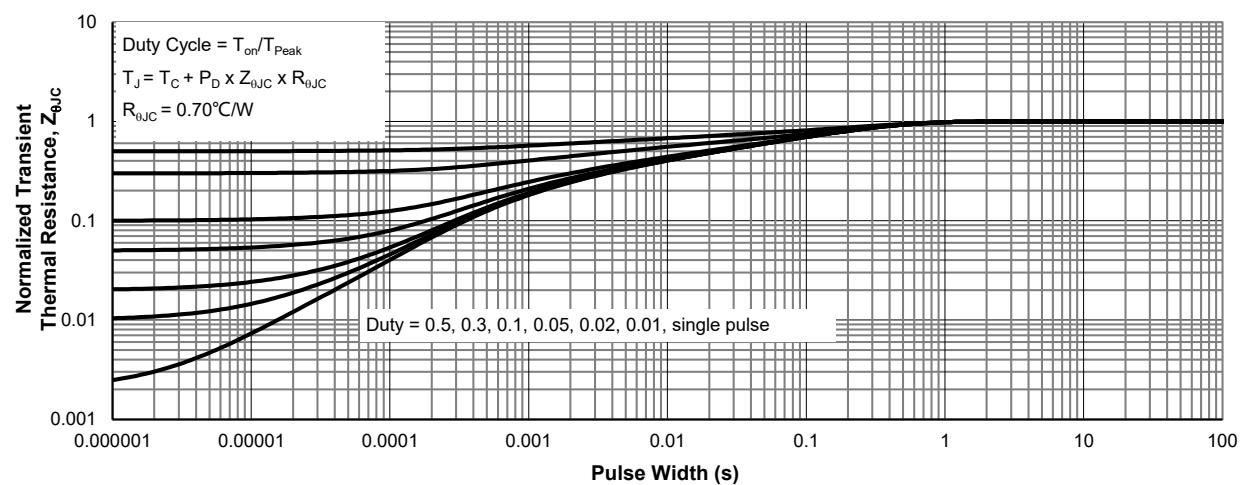
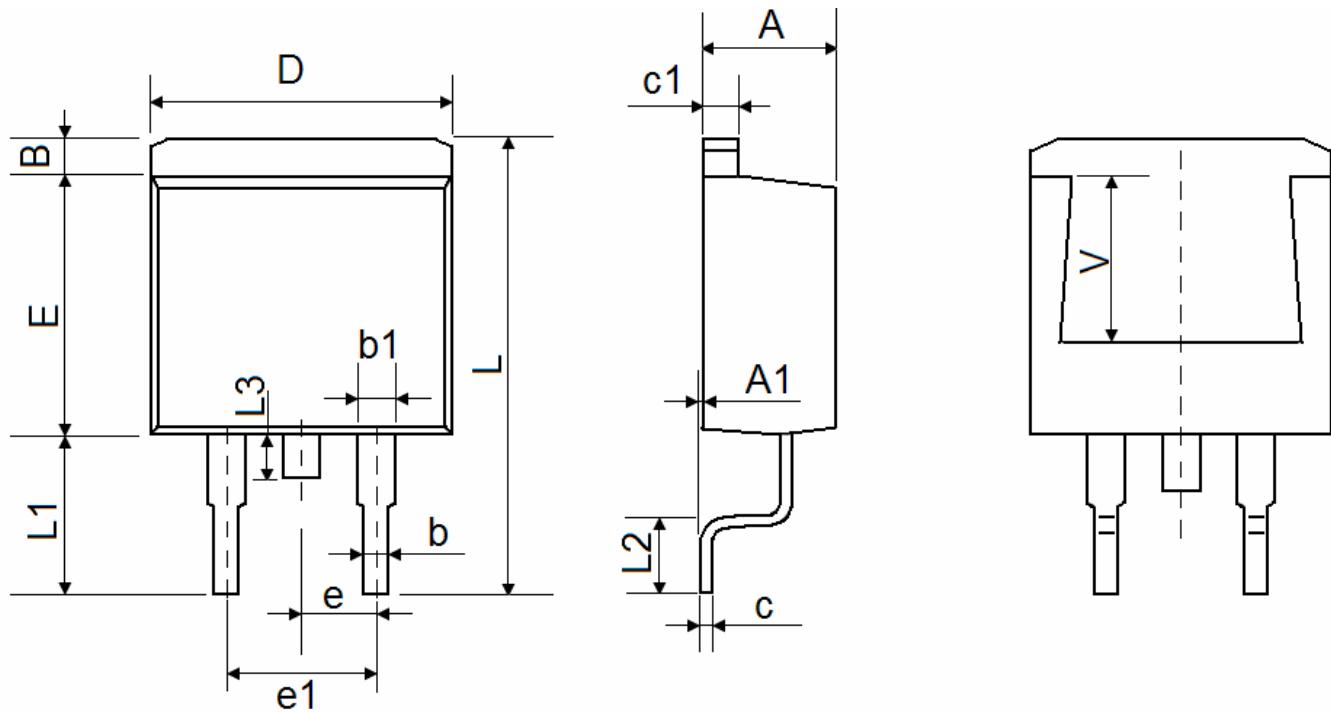


Figure 13: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

## Package Information : TO-263



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.470	4.670	0.176	0.184
A1	0.000	0.150	0.000	0.006
B	1.170	1.370	0.046	0.054
b	0.710	0.910	0.028	0.036
b1	1.170	1.370	0.046	0.054
c	0.310	0.530	0.012	0.021
c1	1.170	1.370	0.046	0.054
D	10.010	10.310	0.394	0.406
E	8.500	8.900	0.335	0.350
e	2.540 TYP.		0.100 TYP.	
e1	4.980	5.180	0.196	0.204
L	15.050	15.450	0.593	0.608
L1	5.080	5.480	0.200	0.216
L2	2.340	2.740	0.092	0.108
L3	1.300	1.700	0.051	0.067
V	5.600 REF		0.220 REF	